

# Study Guide: Chapters 6 and 7

Test: Monday, April 11

## Translation

Any translation from chapters 6-7 may appear on the test.

## Grammar (Verbs – Conjugate Only)

Sum, Esse – to be

(irregular)

1 <sup>st</sup>	SUM	SUMUS
2 <sup>nd</sup>	ES	ESTIS
3 <sup>rd</sup>	EST	SUNT

Eō, Īre – to go

(irregular)

1 <sup>st</sup>	EO	IMUS
2 <sup>nd</sup>	IS	ITIS
3 <sup>rd</sup>	IT	EUNT

Possum, Posse – to be able

(irregular)

1 <sup>st</sup>	POSSUM	POSSUMUS
2 <sup>nd</sup>	POTES	POTESTIS
3 <sup>rd</sup>	POTEST	POSSUNT

Exeo, Exire – to go out

(irregular)

1 <sup>st</sup>	EXEO	EXIMUS
2 <sup>nd</sup>	EXIS	EXITIS
3 <sup>rd</sup>	EXIT	EXEUNT

## Grammar (Verbs – Conjugate Only)

Errō, Errare – to make a mistake (1<sup>st</sup> conjugation)

1 <sup>st</sup>	ERRO	ERRAMUS
2 <sup>nd</sup>	ERRAS	ERRATIS
3 <sup>rd</sup>	ERRAT	ERRANT

Caveō, Cavēre – to beware (2<sup>nd</sup> conjugation)

1 <sup>st</sup>	CAVEO	CAVEMUS
2 <sup>nd</sup>	CAVES	CAVETIS
3 <sup>rd</sup>	CAVET	CAVENT

Dimittō, Dimittere – to send away (3<sup>rd</sup> conjugation)

1 <sup>st</sup>	DIMITTO	DIMITTIMUS
2 <sup>nd</sup>	DIMITTIS	DIMITTITIS
3 <sup>rd</sup>	DIMITTIT	DIMITTUNT

Cupiō, Cupere – to want/desire (3<sup>rd</sup> -io- conjugation)\*

1 <sup>st</sup>	CUPIO	CUPIMUS
2 <sup>nd</sup>	CUPIS	CUPITIS
3 <sup>rd</sup>	CUPIT	CUPIUNT

Adveniō, Advenīre – to arrive (4<sup>th</sup> conjugation)

1 <sup>st</sup>	ADVENIO	ADVENIMUS
2 <sup>nd</sup>	ADVENIS	ADVENITIS
3 <sup>rd</sup>	ADVENIT	ADVENIUNT

## Infinitives - Identify

1. To ask \_\_\_\_\_ ROGARE \_\_\_\_\_
2. To flee \_\_\_\_\_ FUGERE \_\_\_\_\_
3. To approach \_\_\_\_\_ ACCEDERE \_\_\_\_\_
4. To come \_\_\_\_\_ VENIRE \_\_\_\_\_
5. To order \_\_\_\_\_ IUBĒRE \_\_\_\_\_

## Pronouns - Identify

- |                        |                   |
|------------------------|-------------------|
| 1. Ego - I             | 6. Eam - HER      |
| 2. Me - ME             | 7. Eum - HIM      |
| 3. Tu/Te - YOU         | 8. Eos/Eas - THEM |
| 4. Nos/Nobis - US/WE   | 9. Illa - SHE     |
| 5. Vos/Vobis - YOU ALL | 10. Ille - HE     |

## Grammar (Nouns - Decline)

Rana, Ranae – frog

1<sup>st</sup> Declension

Nom	rana	ranae
Gen	ranae	ranarum
Dat	ranae	ranis
Acc	ranam	ranas
AbI	ranā	ranis
Voc	rana	ranae

Asinus, Asini – donkey

2<sup>nd</sup> Declension

Nom	asinus	asini
Gen	asini	Asinorum
Dat	asino	Asinis
Acc	asinum	Asinos
AbI	asino	Asinis
Voc	asine	Asini

Mors, Mortis – death

3<sup>rd</sup> Declension

Nom	mors	mortes
Gen	mortis	Mortum
Dat	morti	Mortibus
Acc	mortem	Mortes
AbI	morte	Mortibus
Voc	mors	Mortes

## Subjects and Objects

1. Horati\_\_\_\_\_ et Quint\_\_\_\_\_ ad agr\_\_\_\_\_ cum Arg\_\_\_\_\_ eunt.

Horatia and Quintus go to the field with Argus

2. Comit\_\_\_\_\_ urb\_\_\_\_\_ vincunt.

The comrades conquer the city.

3. Horati\_\_\_\_\_ amic\_\_\_\_\_ iuvat.

Horatia helps the friend/The friend helps Horatia.

## Questions and Vocative

### Translate

1. Where are you going, Horatia?

\_\_\_\_\_UBI IS HORATIA\_\_\_\_\_

2. Boys, aren't you listening to the teacher?

\_\_\_\_\_PUERI NONNE AUDITIS MAGISTRUM\_\_\_\_\_

3. Quintus, why are you not helping the farmer?

\_\_\_\_\_QUINTE CUR NON IUVAS COLONUM\_\_\_\_\_

## History and Culture (Chapter 6)

1. Around what age did Roman children begin school?

6-7

2. Name five subjects Roman children studied in school.

Reading, writing, literature, math, astronomy, public speaking, Greek, Latin, history, rhetoric

3. True or False. Greek slaves often tutored Roman children.

True

4. Name three Roman school supplies.

Abacus, liber, scroll, papyrus, stilus, tabula, ink, quill

5. What did most girls do after they completed school?

Housework, music, art, singing, dancing

# Iliad

\_\_\_\_\_ERIS\_\_\_\_\_, the goddess of discord, had not been invited to the wedding of \_\_\_\_\_PELEUS\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_THETIS\_\_\_\_\_. She threw a \_\_\_\_\_GOLDEN APPLE\_\_\_\_\_, on which was written \_\_\_\_\_TO THE FAIREST\_\_\_\_\_. The goddesses \_\_\_\_\_ATHENA\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_HERA\_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_APHRODITE\_\_\_\_\_ fought over this prize. \_\_\_\_\_ZEUS\_\_\_\_\_ decided that the Trojan prince \_\_\_\_\_PARIS\_\_\_\_\_ should be the judge of this beauty contest. \_\_\_\_\_PARIS\_\_\_\_\_ chose \_\_\_\_\_APHRODITE\_\_\_\_\_ because she offered him \_\_\_\_\_HELEN\_\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_PARIS\_\_\_\_\_ sailed to \_\_\_\_\_SPARTA\_\_\_\_\_, left with \_\_\_\_\_HELEN\_\_\_\_\_, and brought her back to \_\_\_\_\_TROY\_\_\_\_\_. \_\_\_\_\_MENELAUS\_\_\_\_\_, king of Sparta, convinced his brother, \_\_\_\_\_AGAMEMNON\_\_\_\_\_ to go to war against the \_\_\_\_\_TROJANS\_\_\_\_\_. Achilles, the bravest of heroes, hailed from \_\_\_\_\_THESSALY\_\_\_\_\_. Odysseus came from \_\_\_\_\_ITHACA\_\_\_\_\_.

For \_\_\_\_\_10\_\_\_\_\_ years the Greeks besieged the city of \_\_\_\_\_TROY\_\_\_\_\_, but they were not able to capture it. At last, \_\_\_\_\_AGAMEMNON\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ACHILLES\_\_\_\_\_ have an argument over a slave girl. \_\_\_\_\_ACHILLES\_\_\_\_\_ is angry, and he no longer fights. Soon the \_\_\_\_\_TROJANS\_\_\_\_\_ are conquering the Greeks, and setting fire to their ships.

\_\_\_\_PATROCLUS\_\_\_\_, a dear friend of \_\_\_\_ACHILLES\_\_\_\_, joins the battle when \_\_\_\_ACHILLES\_\_\_\_ decides that he will no longer fight. When the \_\_\_\_TROJANS\_\_\_\_ see \_\_\_\_PATROCLUS\_\_\_\_ they are afraid, and they run back into the city. But \_\_\_\_HECTOR\_\_\_\_ the bravest Trojan, calls \_\_\_\_PATROCLUS\_\_\_\_ into battle, and he kills \_\_\_\_PATROCLUS\_\_\_\_ with his spear.

\_\_\_\_ACHILLES\_\_\_\_, when he hears that \_\_\_\_PATROCLUS\_\_\_\_ is dead, returns to the battle. \_\_\_\_HECTOR\_\_\_\_ alone remains outside of the walls of Troy. His father \_\_\_\_PRIAM\_\_\_\_ and his mother \_\_\_\_HECUBA\_\_\_\_ beg him to come back into the city, but \_\_\_\_HECTOR\_\_\_\_ does not listen to them.

16

\_\_\_\_ACHILLES\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_HECTOR\_\_\_\_ hurl \_\_\_\_SPEARS\_\_\_\_ at each other, but finally \_\_\_\_ACHILLES\_\_\_\_ pierces \_\_\_\_HECTOR\_\_\_\_ in the \_\_\_\_NECK\_\_\_\_, and he falls down to the ground dead. \_\_\_\_ACHILLES\_\_\_\_ then ties the \_\_\_\_DEAD BODY\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_HECTOR\_\_\_\_ to his \_\_\_\_CHARIOT\_\_\_\_ and drags him around the city walls.

\_\_\_\_PRIAM\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_HECUBA\_\_\_\_ mourn for a long time for their son. When night falls, \_\_\_\_PRIAM\_\_\_\_ loads his wagon with a fabulous ransom and proceeds to the tent of \_\_\_\_ACHILLES\_\_\_\_. \_\_\_\_ACHILLES\_\_\_\_ is moved by pity, and he returns \_\_\_\_HECTOR\_\_\_\_ to his father.



# Identify

1. King of Mycenae

Agamemnon

2. Leader of the Myrmidons; from Thessaly

Achilles

3. Queen of Troy

Hecuba

4. Mother of Achilles

Thetis

5. King of Troy

Priam

6. King of Sparta

Menelaus

7. Father of Achilles

Peleus

8. Cousin/friend of Achilles, killed by Hector

Patroclus

9. He stole Helen from Sparta

Paris

10. He devised the plan of the Trojan horse

## Odysseus